CS106B Handout #08S Spring 2012 April 9, 2012

Section Solutions 1

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Problem 1. Big Brother is Watching

There are several strategies for implementing the character-removal problem. The implementations shown below go through the text string and then check to see whether the character in that position appears in the remove string. Another possible (but generally less efficient) approach would be to make several passes over the text string, moving one character from the remove string on each pass.

```
* Function: censorString1
 * Usage: s = censorString1(text, remove);
 * This function takes two strings and returns the first string with
 * all the occurrences of letters in the second string removed.
 * It uses a for loop to iterate through the original string and
 * the find method to check whether that character is in the remove
 * string. This version builds a new string character by character.
string censorString1(string text, string remove) {
   string result = "";
   for (int i = 0; i < text.length(); i++) {</pre>
      if (remove.find(text[i]) == string::npos) {
         result += text[i];
   return result;
}
 * Function: censorString2
 * Usage: censorString2(text, remove);
 * This function takes two strings and updates the first string
* by removing all occurrences of letters in the second string.
 * Note that the implementation must decrement i after removing
 * the character to ensure that the following character is checked.
void censorString2(string & text, string remove) {
   for (int i = 0; i < text.length(); i++) {</pre>
      if (remove.find(text[i]) != string::npos) {
         text.replace(i, 1, "");
         i--;
      }
   }
}
```

Problem 2. How Did We Do?

```
* Function: readStats
 * Usage: readStats(filename, min, max, mean);
 * Reads a data file whose name is given in filename and computes the
* minimum score, the maximum score, and the average score, storing
 * these values in the reference parameter variables min, max, and mean.
void readStats(string filename, int & min, int & max, double & mean) {
   ifstream in;
   in.open(filename.c_str());
   if (in.fail()) error("Couldn't read " + filename);
   double total = 0;
   int count = 0;
   while (true) {
      int score;
      in >> score;
     if (in.fail()) break;
      if (score < 0 || score > 100) error("Score out of range");
      if (count == 0 || score < min) min = score;</pre>
      if (count == 0 || score > max) max = score;
      total += score;
      count++;
   }
  mean = (double) total / count;
   in.close();
}
```

Problem 3. Stacking Cannonballs